

## CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1           1.       A method for measuring a first phase difference between first and second  
2 reflected polarized light signal components, the method comprising the steps of:  
3           transmitting a first incident light signal toward a first object, wherein said first object is  
4 one of a magnetic disk and a glass substrate;  
5           separating from a reflected light signal that has reflected off said first object a first mixed  
6 reflected polarized light signal component having a first phase and a second mixed reflected  
7 polarized light signal component having a second phase that is different from said first phase,  
8 wherein said first mixed reflected polarized light signal component comprises both P-polarized  
9 and S-polarized light relative to a plane of incidence of said reflected light signal, and wherein  
10 said second mixed reflected polarized light signal component comprises both P-polarized and S-  
11 polarized light relative to the plane of incidence of said reflected light signal;  
12           detecting a first intensity of said first mixed reflected polarized light signal component;  
13           detecting a second intensity of said second mixed reflected polarized light signal  
14 component; and  
15           determining a difference in phase between said first and second mixed reflected polarized  
16 light signal components based upon said first and second intensities.
- 1           2.       The method of claim 1 further comprising the step of:  
2           determining a texture on said first object based upon said difference in phase.

1           3.       The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of:  
2           determining a thickness of a lubricant on said first object based upon said difference in  
3   phase.

1           4.       The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of:  
2           determining a thickness of a carbon layer of said first object based upon said difference in  
3   phase.

1           5.       The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of:  
2           determining a magnetic characteristic of said first object based upon said difference in  
3   phase.

1           6.       The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of:  
2           polarizing said first incident light signal to generate a first incident polarized light signal  
3   component and a second incident polarized light signal component of said first incident light  
4   signal, said first and second incident polarized light signal components being orthogonally  
5   polarized.

1           7.       The method of claim 1, wherein said first and second mixed reflected polarized  
2   light signal components are orthogonally polarized.

1           8.       The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of:  
2           measuring the magneto-optic Kerr effect based upon said difference in phase.

1           9.     The method of claim 8, further comprising the steps of:  
2           determining a defect exists at a first location on the first object based upon said first and  
3   second intensities; and  
4           marking said first location to identify said defect.

1           10.    The method of claim 9, wherein said marking step further comprises the steps of:  
2           moving a mechanical scribe to a position substantially adjacent to said first location;  
3           positioning said mechanical scribe at substantially said first location; and  
4           marking said first location with said mechanical scribe.

1           11.    The method of claim 1, further comprising the steps of:  
2           determining a defect exists at a first location on the first object based upon said first and  
3   second intensities; and  
4           marking said first location to identify said defect.

1           12.    The method of claim 11, wherein said marking step further comprises the steps of:  
2           moving a mechanical scribe to a position substantially adjacent to said first location;  
3           positioning said mechanical scribe at substantially said first location; and  
4           marking said first location with said mechanical scribe.

1           13.    The method of claim 1 wherein the step of determining a difference includes:  
2           determining a difference between said first and second intensities to reduce the effect on  
3   at least one measured value of a texture on said first object.

1           14.    A system for measuring a first phase difference between first and second mixed  
2   reflected polarized light signal components, comprising:

3 a light source for transmitting a first incident light signal toward a first object wherein  
4 said first object is one of a magnetic disk and a glass substrate;  
5 a polarization splitter for separating from a first reflected light signal, that has reflected  
6 off of said first object, the first mixed reflected polarized light signal component having a first  
7 phase, and the second mixed reflected polarized light signal component having a second phase  
8 that is different from said first phase, wherein the first mixed reflected polarized light signal  
9 component comprises both P-polarized and S-polarized light relative to a plane of incidence of  
10 said reflected light signal, and wherein the second mixed reflected polarized light signal  
11 component comprises both P-polarized and S-polarized light relative to the plane of incidence of  
12 said reflected light signal;  
13 a first detector for detecting a first intensity of the first mixed reflected polarized light  
14 signal component;  
15 a second detector for detecting a second intensity of the second mixed reflected polarized  
16 light signal component; and  
17 a phase determinator for determining a difference in phase between the first and second  
18 mixed reflected polarized light signal components based upon said first and second intensities.

1 15. The system of claim 14, wherein said phase determinator comprises:  
2 a texture eliminator for determining a difference between said first and second intensities  
3 to reduce the effect on at least one measured value of a texture on said first object.

1 16. The system of claim 14, further comprising:  
2 a thickness determinator for determining a thickness of a lubricant on said first object  
3 based upon said difference in phase.

1           17.     The system of claim 14, further comprising:  
2           a carbon thickness determinator for determining a thickness of a carbon layer of said first  
3 object based upon said difference in phase.

1           18.     The system of claim 14, further comprising:  
2           a magnetic identifier for determining a magnetic characteristic of said first object based  
3 upon said difference in phase.

1           19.     The system of claim 14, further comprising:  
2           a Kerr effect determinator for measuring the magneto-optic Kerr effect based upon said  
3 difference in phase.

1           20.     The system of claim 19, further comprising:  
2           a defect determinator for determining a defect exists at a first location on the first object  
3 based upon said first and second intensities; and  
4           a mechanical scribe for marking said first location to identify said defect.

1           21.     The system of claim 20, further comprising:  
2           a scribe positioner for moving a mechanical scribe to a position substantially  
3 adjacent to said first location before marking said first location.

1           22.     The system of claim 14, further comprising:  
2           a defect determinator for determining a defect exists at a first location on the first object  
3 based upon said first and second intensities; and  
4           a mechanical scribe for marking said first location to identify said defect.

1           23.    The system of claim 22, further comprising:  
2                   a scribe positioner for moving a mechanical scribe to a position substantially  
3 adjacent to said first location before marking said first location.

1           24.    The system of claim 14, further comprising:  
2                   a polarizer for polarizing said first incident light signal to generate a first incident  
3 polarized light signal component and a second incident polarized light signal component of said  
4 first incident light signal, said first and second incident polarized light signal components being  
5 orthogonally polarized.